

# Africa CDC Epidemic Intelligence Report

Date of Issue: 3 Mar 2025

Active Events

88

New Events reported  
in 2025

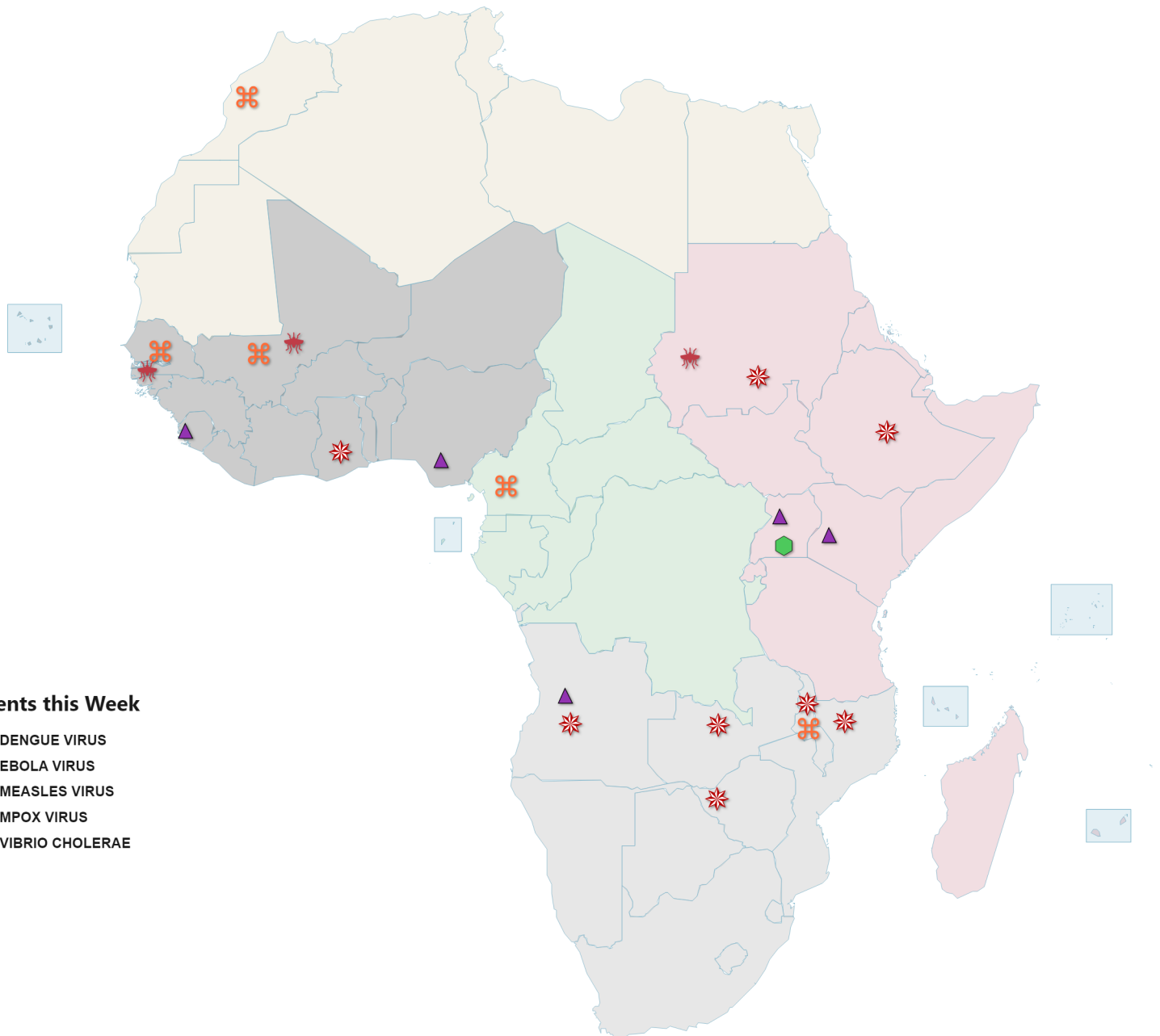
29

Events highlighted  
this week

22

New events since  
last issue

0



\*  represent AU Member States that are islands

Note: The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the African Union.




























	Risk Level		
	Very High (New)	High (New)	Moderate (New)
Human	0	7	15
Animal	0	0	0
Environment	0	0	0

# Event Summary

## New events since last issue

Agent/Syndrome	Country	Risk:Human	Risk:Animal	Type
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## Events Highlighted this week

Agent/Syndrome	Country	Risk:Human	Risk:Animal	Type	Suspected (New)	Probable (New)	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)
 Dengue virus	Mali	Moderate	N/A		768 (115)	0 (0)	166 (22)	0 (0)
	Senegal	Moderate	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	26 (2)	0 (0)
	Sudan	Moderate	N/A		1,227 (17)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (0)
 Ebola virus	Uganda	High	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	10 (1)	2 (1)
 Measles virus	Cameroon	Moderate	N/A		127 (6)	0 (0)	101 (33)	10 (0)
	Malawi	Moderate	N/A		144 (144)		23 (23)	
	Mali	Moderate	N/A		73 (24)	0 (0)	33 (7)	0 (0)
	Morocco	Moderate	N/A		16,795 (2,062)	0 (0)	3,291 (801)	37 (8)
	Senegal	Moderate	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	43 (7)	0 (0)
 Mpox virus	Angola	High	N/A		3 (3)		3 (3)	0 (0)
	Kenya	Moderate	N/A		47 (10)	0 (0)	16 (6)	0 (0)
	Nigeria	High	N/A		383 (60)	0 (0)	66 (7)	2 (0)
	Sierra Leone	High	Low		145 (20)	0 (0)	25 (3)	0 (0)
	Uganda	Moderate	N/A		1,957 (361)	0 (0)	1,957 (361)	16 (1)
 Vibrio cholerae	Angola	Moderate	N/A		4,114 (637)	0 (0)	800 (170)	180 (33)
	Ethiopia	High	N/A		857 (443)	0 (0)	0 (0)	25 (4)
	Ghana	Moderate	N/A		1,895 (415)	43 (0)	214 (33)	12 (0)
	Malawi	Moderate	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	90 (1)	3 (0)
	Mozambique	High	N/A		0 (0)	0 (0)	321 (321)	8 (8)
	Sudan	High	N/A		5,063 (1,033)	0 (0)	0 (0)	93 (34)
	Zambia	Moderate	N/A		269 (25)	0 (0)	8 (0)	9 (0)
	Zimbabwe	Moderate	N/A		130 (20)	0 (0)	55 (6)	2 (0)

## High Risk Events

### Ebola virus disease in Uganda

**10** confirmed human case(s)  
**2** human deaths (**CFR: 20%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Ebola virus	First Reported	30-Jan-2025	Previous Report Update	7-Feb-2025
First Occurred	29-Jan-2025	Country	Uganda	Location	1 district
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	LOW	Human Risk Assessment	HIGH
Animal Risk Assessment	N/A				

#### Update to Event:

Since the last update, the MoH reported one new confirmed fatal case of Ebola virus disease (EVD) from Kampala district. The new case is a 4-year-old male who was identified through mortality surveillance. Cumulatively, ten confirmed cases and two deaths (CFR: 20%) of EVD have been reported from Uganda.

#### Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The MoH activated the national and regional level response mechanisms and deployed a rapid response team to implement outbreak response measure; including active case search, contact tracing, case management, points of entry surveillance, vaccination, risk communication and community engagement, and continuity of essential health services. A total of 265 contacts were identified and are under quarantine and active follow-up.

# Human Event Updates

## Moderate Risk Events

### Mpox in Africa

**5,425** confirmed human case(s), **20,239** suspected human case(s)  
**195** human deaths (**CFR: 0.96%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Mpox virus	First Reported	3-Jan-2025	Previous Report Update	21-Feb-2025
First Occurred	1-Jan-2025	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	14 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
Animal Risk Assessment	N/A				

#### Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2025, a total of 20,239 cases, of which 5,425 were laboratory-confirmed, and 195 deaths (CFR: 0.96%) of mpox, with five deaths (CFR: 0.1%) among confirmed cases, have been reported from 14 AU MS: Angola (3 confirmed cases; 0 death), Burundi (413; 0), Central African Republic (CAR) (6; 0), Congo (2; 0), Côte d'Ivoire (4; 0), DRC (2,884; 102), Kenya (16; 0), Liberia\* (7; 0), Nigeria (66; 2), Sierra Leone (25; 0), South Sudan (1; 0), Rwanda\*\* (22; 0), Uganda (1,957; 15), and Zambia (19; 0).

In epidemiological (epi) week 8, a total of 380 were laboratory-confirmed, and three new deaths of mpox were reported from five AU MS: Angola, Kenya, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, and Uganda.

**Angola:** In epi week 8, the Ministry of Health (MoH) reported three laboratory confirmed cases and no new deaths of mpox from Cuanza North province. These are the first mpox cases reported this year. This outbreak started in November 2024. Cumulatively seven laboratory confirmed cases with no deaths of mpox have been reported from three of eighteen provinces: Cuanza North (3 cases), Luanda (3) and Uige (1). Females account for 57% of all cases, and 29% are children below 15 years.

**Kenya:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported six new laboratory-confirmed cases and no new deaths of mpox from two counties. This is a 100% in the number of new cases reported compared to the last update. Since the beginning of this year, 16 laboratory-confirmed cases and no deaths of mpox have been reported from three of the forty-seven counties in Kenya. This outbreak started in July 2024. Cumulatively, 47 laboratory-confirmed cases and one death (CFR: 2.1%) of mpox have been reported from 12 of 47 counties in Kenya. A total of 433 samples were tested resulting in a 100% testing rate and a 10.8% test positivity rate. Clade Ib was isolated from 33 sequenced samples.

**Nigeria:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the Nigeria Centre for Disease Control (CDC) reported 60 new cases, of which seven were laboratory-confirmed, and no new death of mpox from five states. This is a 31% average increase in the number of confirmed cases in the last four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 383 cases, of which 66 were laboratory-confirmed, and two deaths (CFR: 3.0%) of mpox have been reported from 24 of the 36 states and the federal capital territory. Nigeria is endemic for mpox and cases have been reported since 2017. Cumulatively 6,147 cases, of which 1,302 were laboratory-confirmed, and 19 deaths (CFR: 1.5%) of mpox have been reported from 34 of 36 states and the federal capital territory in Nigeria. Clade IIb was isolated from the confirmed cases.

**Sierra Leone:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 20 new cases, of which three were laboratory-confirmed, and no new deaths of mpox from Western Area Urban district. This outbreak started in January 2025. Cumulatively, 145 cases, of which 25 were laboratory-confirmed, and no deaths of mpox have been reported from eight of the sixteen districts in Sierra Leone. Of the confirmed cases, Children <15 years accounted for 32% and males accounted for 60%. Clade IIb was isolated from two sequenced samples.

**Uganda:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 361 new laboratory-confirmed cases and one new death (CFR: 0.3%) of mpox from multiple districts. This is a 16% average increase in the number of new cases in the past four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 1,957 laboratory-confirmed cases and 16 deaths (CFR: 0.8%) of mpox were reported. This outbreak started in July 2024. Cumulatively, 3,310 laboratory-confirmed cases and 22 deaths (CFR: 0.7%) of mpox have been reported from 90 of 146 districts in Uganda. A total of 3,999 cases were tested resulting in a 100% testing rate. Clade Ib was isolated from all sequenced samples.

**Note:** In 2024, a total of 77,945 cases of mpox, of which 16,780 were laboratory-confirmed, and 1,321 deaths (CFR: 1.78%) of mpox have been reported from 20 AU MS: Angola (4 laboratory-confirmed cases; 0 deaths), Burundi (2,946; 1), Cameroon (9; 2), Central Africa Republic (CAR) (90; 3), Congo (24; 0), Côte d'Ivoire (107; 1), Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) (11,834; 1,304), Gabon (2; 0), Ghana (13; 0), Guinea (1; 0), Liberia (63; 0), Kenya (31; 1), Mauritius (1; 0), Morocco (2; 0), Nigeria (184; 0), Rwanda (82; 0), Sierra Leone (4; 0), South Africa (25; 3), Uganda (1,353; 6), Zambia (3; 0), and Zimbabwe (2; 0).

**\*Between epi week 5 and 7, 31 cases, of which two were laboratory confirmed, were reported from Liberia.**

**\*\*Between epi week 6 and 7, 136 cases, of which two laboratory confirmed no deaths of mpox were reported from Rwanda, epi week 6 (44 cases), epi week 7 (92 cases including 2 confirmed).**

**Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:**

The ministries of health in the affected MS continue to intensify surveillance, risk communication, and community engagement activities in the affected communities. Additionally, mpox vaccination campaigns are currently ongoing in Rwanda, DRC, CAR, and Nigeria.

## Cholera in Africa

**1,511** confirmed human case(s), **43** probable human case(s), **25,115** suspected human case(s)  
**608** human deaths (**CFR: 2.28%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Vibrio cholerae	First Reported	3-Jan-2025	Previous Report Update	21-Feb-2025
First Occurred	1-Jan-2025	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	10 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	HIGH	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
Animal Risk Assessment	N/A				

### Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2025, a total of 26,669 cases (1,511 confirmed; 43 probable; 25,115 suspected) and 616 deaths (CFR: 2.28%) of cholera have been reported from 10 AU MS: Angola (4,914 cases ; 180 deaths), Ethiopia\* (857 ; 25), Ghana (2,152; 12), Malawi (90; 3), Mozambique (321; 8), South Sudan\*\* (12,711; 283), Sudan\*\*\* (5,063; 93), Uganda\*\*\*\* (99; 1), Zambia (277; 9), and Zimbabwe (185; 2).

In epi week 8, a total of 3,104 cases and 79 deaths of cholera were reported from eight AU MS: Angola, Ethiopia, Ghana, Malawi, Mozambique, Sudan, Zambia, and Zimbabwe.

**Angola:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 807 new cases (170 confirmed; 637 suspected) and 33 new deaths (CFR: 4.1%) of cholera from 11 provinces. This is a 24% average increase in the number of new cases in the past four weeks. Cumulatively, 4,914 cases (800 confirmed; 4,114 suspected) and 180 deaths (CFR: 3.7%) of cholera have been reported from 11 of 18 provinces in Angola. Males accounted for 56% of all cases and 69% of all deaths. Additionally, Children <15 years accounted for 39% of all cases and 33% of all deaths.

**Ethiopia:** In epi week 8, the Ethiopian Public Health Institute reported 443 cases and four deaths (CFR: 0.9%%) of cholera from Amhara (59 cases; 1 death) and Gambella (384; 3) regions. Since the beginning of this year, 857 suspected cases and 25 deaths (CFR: 2.9%) of cholera have been reported from Amhara (307 cases; 5 deaths) and Gambella (550; 20).

**Ghana:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the Ghana Health Services reported 448 new cases (33 confirmed; 0 probable; 415 suspected) and no new deaths of cholera from five regions. This is a 22% average increase in the number of new cases in the past four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, a total of 2,152 cases (214 confirmed; 43 probable; 1,895 suspected) and 12 deaths (CFR: 0.6%) of cholera have been reported from Ghana. This outbreak started in August 2024. Cumulatively, 7,805 cases (573 confirmed; 719 probable; 6,513 suspected) and 49 deaths (CFR: 0.7%) of cholera have been reported from five of sixteen regions in Ghana: Ashanti (5 confirmed cases; 0 probable; 99 suspected), Central (231; 0; 2,645), Eastern (2; 3; 35), Greater Accra (200; 330; 1,492), and Western (135; 386; 2,242) regions.

**Malawi:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported one new confirmed case and no new deaths of cholera from Balaka district. This is a 45% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 90 confirmed cases and three deaths (CFR: 3.4%) of cholera have been reported. This outbreak started in August 2024. Cumulatively, 305 confirmed cases and 15 deaths (CFR: 4.9%) of cholera have been reported from five of twenty-nine districts in Malawi. In comparison to epidemiological week 1 to 8 of 2024, a total of 141 confirmed cases and three deaths (CFR: 2.1%) of cholera were reported in Malawi, which is a 36% decrease in the number of cases and no change in deaths in the same period.

**Mozambique:** Since the beginning of this year, the MoH reported 321 confirmed cases and eight new deaths (CFR: 2.5%) of cholera from two provinces: Nampula (255 cases; 8 deaths) and Zambezia (66; 0). This outbreak started in October 2024. Cumulatively, 624 confirmed cases and 29 deaths (CFR: 4.6%) of cholera have been reported from two provinces in Mozambique. In comparison to epidemiological week 1 to 8 of 2024, a total of 3,555 confirmed cases and seven deaths (CFR: 0.2%) of cholera were reported in Mozambique, which is a 91% decrease in the number of cases and a 14% increase in the number of deaths in the same period.

**Sudan:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 1,033 new suspected cases and 34 new deaths (CFR: 3.3%) of cholera from 12 states. This is a 47% average decrease in the number of new cases in the past four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 5,063 suspected cases and 93 deaths (CFR: 1.8%) of cholera have been reported. This outbreak started in July 2024. Cumulatively, 55,662 cases (69 confirmed; 55,593 suspected) and 1,444 deaths (CFR: 2.6%) of cholera have been reported from 12 states in Sudan. The outbreak is occurring amid a sustained complex humanitarian crisis.

**Zambia:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 25 new suspected cases and no new deaths of cholera from three provinces. This is an 8% decrease in the number of cases reported compared to the last update. Since the beginning of this year, 277 cases (8 confirmed; 269 suspected) and nine deaths (CFR: 3.2%) of cholera have been reported. This outbreak started in December 2024. Cumulatively, 290 cases (15 confirmed cases; 275 suspected) and nine deaths (CFR: 3.1%) of cholera have been reported from three of ten provinces in Zambia. In comparison to epidemiological week 1 to 8 of 2024, a total of 16,400 cases and 550 deaths (CFR: 3.4%) of cholera were reported in Zambia, which is a 98% decrease in the number of cases and deaths in the same period.

**Zimbabwe:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 26 new cases (6 confirmed, 20 suspected) and no new deaths of cholera from Mashonaland Central province. This is a 2% average decrease in the number of cases in the past four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 185 cases (55 confirmed; 130 suspected) and two deaths (CFR: 1.1%) of cholera have been reported. This outbreak started in November 2024. Cumulatively, 417 cases (60 confirmed; 357 suspected) and four deaths (CFR: 1.2%) of cholera have been reported from four of ten provinces in Zimbabwe. In comparison to epidemiological week 1 to 8 of 2024, a total of 10,143 cases and 231 deaths (CFR: 2.3%) of cholera were reported in Zimbabwe, which is a 98% decrease in the number of cases and 99% decrease in the number of deaths in the same period.

**Note:** In 2024, a total of 236,874 cases (30,597 confirmed; 689 probable; 205,588 suspected) and 4,182 deaths (CFR: 1.78%) of cholera were reported from 20 AU MS: Burundi (2,216 cases; 12 deaths), Cameroon (287; 0), Comoros (10,540; 152), DRC (30,373; 415), Ethiopia (26,052; 255), Ghana (5,653; 37), Kenya (300; 3), Malawi (476; 15), Mozambique (8,486; 38), Niger (273; 10), Nigeria (10,837; 359), Somalia (21,739; 138), South Africa (150; 1), South Sudan (13,858; 203), Sudan (52,896; 1,359), Tanzania (12,148; 145), Togo (604; 37), Uganda (58; 3), Zambia (20,076; 612), and Zimbabwe (19,646; 388).

**\*A backlog of 414 cases and 21 deaths of cholera were reported from Ethiopia for epi week 6 (288 cases; 21 deaths) and epi week 7 (126 cases).**

**\*\*In epi-week 8, a backlog of 2,151 cases and 11 deaths of cholera were reported from South Sudan. The in-country team continues to engage the MS for an accurate record on the distribution of the cases by epi-week.**

**\*\*\*A backlog of 1,228 cases of cholera were reported from Sudan for epi week 4 (5 cases), epi week 6 (2), and epi week 7 (1,221).**

**\*\*\*\*A backlog of 12 cases and no deaths of cholera were reported from Uganda for epi week 7.**

#### **Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:**

The ministries of health of the affected MS activated the emergence operation centers and deployed one health rapid response teams to conduct enhance surveillance, risk communication, and environmental sanitation in the affected communities.

**Angola:** The Minister of Health led a joint interministerial supportive supervision of the cholera response at the national and provincial levels. Additionally, joint partner coordination meetings to harmonize support for cholera response are ongoing.

Africa CDC deployed a team of three experts to Angola and is mobilizing oral cholera vaccines for frontline health workers.



## Dengue fever in Africa

**327** confirmed human case(s), **156** probable human case(s), **2,905** suspected human case(s)  
**1** human deaths (CFR: **0.03%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Dengue virus	First Reported	1-Jan-2025	Previous Report Update	21-Feb-2025
First Occurred	1-Jan-2025	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	5 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	MODERATE	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
Animal Risk Assessment	N/A				

### Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2025, a total of 3,388 (327 confirmed; 156 probable; 2,905 suspected) and one death (CFR: 0.03%) of dengue fever have been reported from five AU MS: Burkina Faso (866 cases; 0 deaths), Cabo Verde (335; 0), Mali (934; 0), Senegal (26; 0), and Sudan\* (1,227; 1).

In epidemiological week 8, a total of 156 new cases and no new deaths of dengue fever were reported from three AU MS: Mali, Senegal, and Sudan.

**Mali:** Since last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 137 new cases (22 confirmed; 115 suspected) and no new deaths of dengue fever from Bamako region. This is a 27% increase in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 934 cases and no deaths of dengue fever were reported in Mali. This outbreak started in September 2023. Cumulatively, a total of 15,926 cases (1,674 confirmed; 14,252 suspected) and 74 deaths (CFR: 0.5%) of dengue fever have been reported from all 11 regions in Mali. In comparison to epidemiological week 1 to 8 of 2024, a total of 1,126 cases and no deaths of dengue fever were reported in Mali, which is a 17% decrease in the number of cases in the same period.

**Senegal:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported two new confirmed cases and no deaths of dengue fever from Bamako district. There is a 29% average decrease in the number of new cases in the last four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 26 confirmed cases and no deaths of dengue fever have been reported from nine of the forty-seven districts in Senegal. Of the confirmed cases, males accounted for 54% and persons aged 15 years and above accounted for 81%. This outbreak started in February 2024. Cumulatively, 928 confirmed cases and no deaths of dengue fever have been reported from 28 of 47 districts in Senegal.

**Sudan:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 17 new suspected cases and no new deaths of dengue fever from multiple states. This is a 5% average decrease in the number of new cases in the past four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 1,227 cases and one death (CFR: 0.1%) of dengue fever have been reported from eight of twelve states in Sudan. This outbreak started in July 2024. Cumulatively, 9,910 suspected cases and 16 deaths (CFR: 0.2%) of dengue fever have been reported from nine of twelve states in Sudan.

**Note:** In 2024, a total of 191,717 cases (30,465 confirmed; 25,249 probable; 121,102 suspected) and 152 deaths (CFR: 0.08%) of dengue fever were reported from 15 AU MS: Burkina Faso (110,257 cases; 102 deaths), Cameroon (1; 0), Cabo Verde (43,597; 8), CAR (430; 1), Chad (983; 0), Côte d'Ivoire (39; 0), Ethiopia (3,463; 0), Ghana (1,713; 2), Kenya (88; 0), Mali (9,541; 13), Mauritius (9,166; 8), Sao Tome and Principe (9; 0), Senegal (902; 0), Sudan (8,683; 15), and Togo (2,205; 3).

**\*A backlog of 287 cases of dengue fever were reported from Sudan from epi-week 3 (12 cases), epi-week 6 (4) and epi-week 7 (271).**

### Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:

The ministries of health in the affected MS continue to conduct enhanced surveillance, case management, vector control, and risk communication activities in the affected communities.



## Measles in Africa

**3,663** confirmed human case(s), **18,135** suspected human case(s)  
**54** human deaths (**CFR: 0.25%**)

Agent/Pathogen	Measles virus	First Reported	8-Jan-2025	Previous Report Update	21-Feb-2025
First Occurred	30-Dec-2024	Country	Multiple Countries	Location	7 MS
Source	Ministry of Health	GeoScope	HIGH	Human Risk Assessment	MODERATE
Animal Risk Assessment	N/A				

### Update to Event:

Since the beginning of 2025, a total of 21,798 cases (3,663 confirmed; 18,135 suspected) and 54 deaths (CFR: 0.25%) of measles have been reported from seven AU MS: Cameroon\* (228 cases; 10 deaths), Malawi (167; 0), Mali (106; 0), Morocco\*\* (20,086; 37), Senegal (43; 0), Somalia\*\*\* (1091; 6), and Uganda (77; 1).

In epidemiological week 8, a total of 3,107 cases and eight deaths of measles were reported from five AU MS: Cameroon, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, and Senegal.

**Cameroon\*:** In epidemiological week 8, the MoH reported 39 new cases (33 confirmed; 6 suspected) and no deaths of measles from six regions. Since the beginning of this year, 228 new cases (101 confirmed; 127 suspected) and 10 deaths (CFR: 4.4%) of measles have been reported from all 10 regions in Cameroon. The outbreak is active in seven of ten regions in Cameroon. Of the total reported confirmed cases, children 5-59 months accounted for 44% and 51% were unvaccinated for measles. In 2023, the national measles vaccination coverage among children <2 years in Cameroon was 56%.

**Malawi:** In epi week 8 the MoH reported 167 cases (23 confirmed; 144 suspected) and no deaths of measles from seven districts since the beginning of this year. This outbreak started in September 2024. Cumulatively, 801 cases (249 confirmed; 552 suspected) and no deaths have been reported from nine of twenty-nine districts in Malawi. In 2023, the national measles vaccination coverage among children <2 years in Malawi was 82%.

**Mali:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported 31 new cases (7 confirmed; 24 suspected) and no new deaths of measles from four districts. This is a 13% increase in the number of new cases compared to the last update. Since the beginning of this year, 106 cases (33 confirmed; 73 suspected) and no deaths of measles were reported from seven of eleven regions in Mali. This outbreak started in March 2024. Cumulatively, 787 cases (374 confirmed; 413 suspected) and no deaths of measles have been reported from all 11 regions. In 2022, the national measles vaccination coverage among children <1 year in Mali was 99%.

**Morocco:** (We have not reported on measles in Morocco yet in 2025?) In epidemiological week 8, the MoH reported 2,863 new cases (801 confirmed; 2,062 suspected) and 8 new deaths (CFR: 0.3%) of measles from 12 regions in Morocco. Since the beginning of this year, 20,086 (3,391 confirmed; 16,795 suspected) and 37 deaths (CFR: 0.2%) of measles were reported. This outbreak started in October 2023. Cumulatively, 40,929 cases (8,781 confirmed; 32,148 suspected) and 148 deaths (CFR: 0.4%) of measles have been reported from all 12 regions in Morocco. In 2022, the national measles vaccination coverage among children <1 year in Morocco was 99%.

**Senegal:** Since the last update (21 February 2025), the MoH reported seven new confirmed cases and no new deaths of measles from five districts. This is a 12% average increase in the number of new confirmed cases in the past four weeks. Since the beginning of this year, 43 confirmed cases and no deaths of measles have been reported from 15 of 47 districts. Of the confirmed cases, people aged 15 years and above accounted for 53%; and 70% were not vaccinated against measles. This outbreak started in March 2024. Cumulatively, 527 confirmed cases and no deaths of measles have been reported from all 47 districts in Senegal. In 2022, the national measles vaccination coverage of children <5 years in Senegal was 66%.

**Note:** In 2024, a total of 260,752 cases (26,432 confirmed; 234,320 suspected) and 3,220 deaths (CFR:1. 23%) of measles have been reported from 30 AU MS: Burkina Faso (10,639 cases; 46 deaths), Burundi (15,003; 149), Cameroon (2,507; 69), Central African Republic [CAR (4,550;4)], Côte d'Ivoire (7,856;169), Chad (8,712; 27), Congo (546; 4), DRC (95,126; 2,178), Ethiopia (28,421; 220), Gabon (347; 1), Ghana (1,398; 0), Kenya (1,953; 13), Liberia (2,891 ; 0), Mali (681; 0), Malawi (937; 1), Mauritania (2,881; 4), Morocco (20,435; 111), Mozambique (1,183; 31), Namibia (105; 0), Nigeria (27,517; 73), Niger (2,226; 13), Senegal (484; 0), Sierra Leone (67; 1), Somalia (12,277; 40), South Africa (626; 0), South Sudan (3,200; 41), Sudan (777; 10), Togo (628; 2), Uganda (2,011; 13), and Zambia (4,946; 0).

**\*A backlog of 55 cases and two deaths were reported for epidemiological week 5 (0 confirmed; 0 suspected; 1 death/s), 6 (0 ; 13 ; 0 ) and week 7 (17; 25; 1) for Cameroon.**

**\*\*In Epidemiological week 7, Morocco batch reported a total of 3,335 measles cases and three measles deaths for epidemiological weeks 6 and 7.**

**\*\*\*In epidemiological week 7, a backlog of 127 cases (32 confirmed; 95 suspected) and one new death of measles were reported from Somalia.**

**Response by MS/partner/Africa CDC:**

The ministries of health in the affected MS continue to strengthen measles surveillance, case management, and supplemental immunization activities in the affected communities.

- Epidemiological week 8 covers the period of 17 - 23 February 2025.
- In epi week 7, the Nigeria CDC reported 303 new cases (38 confirmed; 265 suspected) and nine new deaths (CFR:18%) of lassa fever from seven states.
- Mpox cases include all persons who have presented with symptoms consistent with the suspected case definition for mpox.
- The cases in this report include confirmed, probable, and suspected cases.
- CFR are calculated using confirmed cases and deaths only, except for bacterial meningitis, cholera, measles, mpox, dengue, and yellow fever where CFR is calculated using all cases and deaths.
- The GeoScope level is determined by where the event is currently occurring on the continent. Low: the event is limited to sub-national areas within one MS; Moderate: The event is affecting multiple countries within an AU region or has been imported from/exported to 1-2 countries from another global region; High: The event is affecting several multinational AU regions, or have been imported from/exported to >2 countries from another global region; Very High: Event is considered a pandemic, affecting multiple continents or worldwide. The risk level is determined by evaluating the following criteria: morbidity and mortality of the disease, probability of spread within and to the other MSs, and availability of effective treatments, vaccines, or other control measures. An event risk level can be classified as low, moderate, high or very high depending on how they score on the above criteria.