

## Outbreak Brief #51: Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic

Date of Issue: 5 January 2021

**83,863,729 cases and 1,840,400 deaths**

*Data sources: World Health Organization and African Union Member States*

**Outbreak Update:** Since the last brief (29 December 2020), 4,170,052 new confirmed<sup>1</sup> coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) cases and 78,334 new deaths have been reported globally. To date, a total of 83,863,729 COVID-19 cases and 1,840,400 related deaths (case fatality rate (CFR): 2.2%) have been reported from 221 countries and territories. The distribution of cumulative cases (proportion of global cases) from the World Health Organization (WHO) reporting regions (excluding Africa) are as follows: Eastern Mediterranean Region 4,136,040 (5%), European Region 27,059,537 (32%), Region of the Americas 36,602,670 (44%), South-East Asia Region 12,077,882 (14%) and Western Pacific Region 1,120,182 (1%). Among the affected locations, the United States has reported more than one million new cases each week for the last eight consecutive weeks. For the last seven days, the United Kingdom (UK) and Brazil reported over 200,000 new cases. For more detailed information on cases and deaths being reported outside of Africa, refer to the WHO daily situation reports.<sup>2</sup>

**As of 9 am East African Time (EAT) 5 January 2021,** a total of 2,852,491 COVID-19 cases and 67,943 deaths (CFR: 2.4%) have been reported in 55 African Union (AU) Member States. This is 3.4% of all cases reported globally. The majority (84%) of Member States continue to report community transmission. Of the countries actively reporting COVID-19 epidemiologic data, nineteen countries are reporting case fatality rates higher than the global case fatality rate of 2.2%. These include Sahrawi Arab Democratic Republic (8.8%), Sudan (6.3%), Egypt (5.5%), Chad (4.7%), Liberia (4.6%), Mali (3.8%), Tunisia (3.4%), Democratic Republic of Congo (3.3%), Gambia (3.3%), Niger (3.2%), Sierra Leone (2.8%), Malawi (2.8%), Algeria (2.8%), Somalia (2.8%), South Africa (2.7%), Zimbabwe (2.4%), Mauritania (2.4%), Eswatini (2.4%) and Angola (2.3%).

**For Epi week 53 (27 December 2020 - 3 January 2021),** 166,731 new COVID-19 cases have been reported, which is an 8% increase in the number of new cases reported compared to Epi week 52. The majority of new COVID-19 cases being reported for this week are from the Southern region (65%) followed by the Northern (23%), Western (6%), Eastern (4%) and Central (2%) regions. Countries reporting the highest incidence (COVID-19 new cases per 100,000 population) this week

<sup>1</sup> WHO COVID-19 surveillance guidance and case definition: <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/who-2019-nCoV-surveillanceguidance-2020.7>

<sup>2</sup> WHO coronavirus disease (COVID-19) dashboard: <https://covid19.who.int/>

include South Africa (166), Namibia (123), Eswatini (104), Tunisia (98), Seychelles (86) and Libya (46).

Table 1 highlights the reported cases and deaths from COVID-19 in all countries in Africa for Epi week 53. The table reports the current phase of the epidemic for each country. Figure 1 shows the trend of new COVID-19 cases reported by day and region from 15 February to date. A second wave of the pandemic is now affecting Africa as cases have continued to increase over the last two months. To date, 39 (71%) Member States are currently or have experienced a second wave of cases. This week, four countries account for about 78% of the new COVID-19 cases reported: South Africa (58%), Tunisia (7%), Morocco (7%) and Egypt (6%).

In the face of both the second wave and presence of the new SARS-COV-2 501Y.V2 variant now being reported from three Member States (Botswana, South Africa and Zambia), adherence to public health and social measures will be paramount in preventing the further spread of COVID-19.

**Table 1. Confirmed COVID-19 cases, deaths and recoveries<sup>3</sup> reported in Africa for Epi week 53 (27 December 2020 - 3 January 2021)**

Country	Number of cases (new)	Percent change in new cases since the previous Epi week (52)	Number of deaths (new)	Percent change in new deaths since the previous Epi week (52)	Epidemic phase <sup>4</sup>
<b>Central Region</b>	<b>75,990 (2,421)</b>	<b>-12%</b>	<b>1,491 (28)</b>	<b>33%</b>	
Burundi	833 (29)	-33%	2 (0)	NA*	3
Cameroon	26,848 (571)	3%	448 (0)	-100%	3
Central African Republic	4,963 (2)	-92%	63 (0)	NA*	3
Chad	2,213 (198)	58%	104 (0)	-100%	3
Congo	7,107 (536)	44%	108 (8)	NA*	3

<sup>3</sup> Data is continuously verified for accuracy and reliability however it may change based on retrospective updates from Member States.

<sup>4</sup> Phases defined according to Africa CDC's Recommendations for a stepwise COVID-19 response - <https://africacdc.org/download/recommendations-for-stepwise-response-to-covid-19/>: **Phase 0 (No COVID-19 case)**: no reported case in-country; **Phase 1 (Early stage outbreak)**: one or more imported cases, limited local transmission related to imported cases; **Phase 2 (Expanding outbreak)**: increasing number of imported cases, increased local spread but all cases linked to known transmission chains, outbreak clusters with a known common exposure; **Phase 3 (Advancing outbreak)**: localized outbreaks start to merge, one or more cases or deaths occur outside known transmission, multiple generations in transmission chains, cases are detected among severe acute respiratory illness (SARI) case with no known exposure; **Phase 4 (Large outbreak with nationwide transmission)**: widespread sustained community transmission, multiple generation transmission chains can be identified but most cases occurring outside of chains, community-wide transmission throughout all or nearly all of the country.

Democratic Republic of Congo	18,152 (970)	-36%	599 (20)	33%	3
Equatorial Guinea	5,279 (31)	82%	86 (0)	-100%	3
Gabon	9,571 (74)	-24%	64 (0)	NA*	3
Sao Tome and Principe	1,024 (10)	400%	17 (0)	NA*	3
<b>Eastern Region</b>	<b>325,895 (7,140)</b>	<b>-14%</b>	<b>6,039 (132)</b>	<b>31%</b>	
Comoros	864 (149)	577%	13 (6)	NA*	3
Djibouti	5,842 (29)	-9%	61 (0)	NA*	3
Eritrea	1,320 (281)	-1%	3 (2)	100%	3
Ethiopia	125,622 (2,758)	-5%	1,948 (39)	-30%	3
Kenya	96,802 (879)	-38%	1,685 (27)	42%	3
Madagascar	17,767 (53)	-35%	262 (1)	No change	3
Mauritius	527 (0)	-100%	10 (0)	NA*	3
Rwanda	8,676 (706)	4%	101 (27)	145%	3
Seychelles	297 (86)	1333%	(0)	NA*	3
Somalia	4,714 (24)	-14%	130 (3)	No change	3
South Sudan	3,589 (98)	-62%	63 (1)	NA*	3
Sudan	23,316 (0)	NA*	1,468 (0)	NA*	3
Tanzania <sup>5</sup>	509 (0)	NA*	21 (0)	NA*	3
Uganda	36,050 (2,077)	-20%	274 (26)	160%	3
<b>Northern Region</b>	<b>947,340 (38,681)</b>	<b>-8%</b>	<b>24,811 (1,153)</b>	<b>2%</b>	
Algeria	100,408 (2,159)	-29%	2,772 (44)	-29%	3
Egypt	142,187 (9,646)	38%	7,805 (400)	19%	3
Libya	101,975 (3,062)	-30%	1,526 (86)	-1%	3
Mauritania	14,794 (1,152)	-6%	358 (34)	-21%	3
Morocco	443,146 (11,067)	-26%	7,485 (245)	-13%	3
Tunisia	144,796	1%	4,862 (344)	8%	3

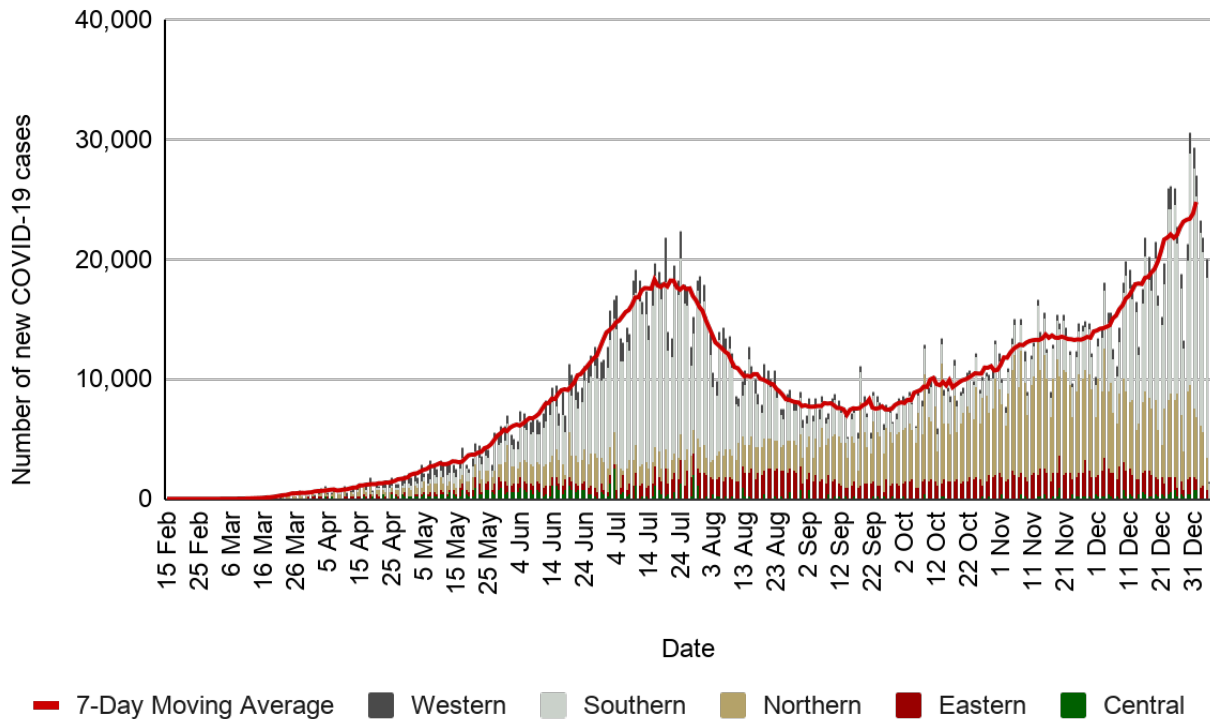
<sup>5</sup> Last report received 7-May-2020.

	(11,592)				
Sahrawi Arab Democratic Republic	34 (3)	200%	3 (0)	NA*	3
<b>Southern Region</b>	<b>1,234,460 (108,523)</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>31,674 (3,014)</b>	<b>40%</b>	
Angola	17,642 (402)	-33%	408 (9)	-25%	3
Botswana	14,805 (1,183)	58%	42 (4)	NA*	3
Eswatini	9,943 (1,459)	38%	231 (66)	164%	3
Lesotho	3,206 (481)	169%	65 (14)	367%	3
Malawi	6,844 (490)	154%	195 (7)	600%	3
Mozambique	19,309 (1,044)	50%	169 (8)	-38%	3
Namibia	25,116 (3,193)	0%	215 (24)	71%	3
South Africa	1,100,748 (96,335)	17%	29,577 (2,842)	39%	3
Zambia	21,582 (1,748)	56%	392 (9)	-10%	3
Zimbabwe	15,265 (2,188)	191%	380 (31)	7%	3
<b>Western Region</b>	<b>248,754 (9,966)</b>	<b>-4%</b>	<b>3,312 (143)</b>	<b>35%</b>	
Benin	3,251 (46)	21%	44 (0)	NA*	3
Burkina Faso	7,051 (707)	-40%	86 (8)	300%	3
Cape Verde	11,920 (206)	53%	113 (1)	No change	3
Côte d'Ivoire	22,648 (496)	112%	138 (3)	50%	3
Gambia	3,800 (7)	75%	124 (1)	NA*	3
Ghana	55,168 (397)	-45%	335 (0)	-100%	3
Guinea	13,799 (114)	-16%	81 (1)	NA*	2
Guinea-Bissau	2,447 (0)	NA*	44 (0)	NA*	2
Liberia	1,800 (0)	-100%	83 (0)	NA*	2
Mali	7,253 (624)	42%	278 (25)	-19%	2
Niger	3,465 (355)	-21%	110 (14)	56%	2
Nigeria	90,080 (5,666)	-5%	1,311 (57)	73%	1
Senegal	19,697 (1,088)	28%	421 (33)	43%	1
Sierra Leone	2,673 (113)	122%	76 (0)	-100%	1
Togo	3,702 (147)	6%	68 (0)	-100%	1

<b>Total</b>	<b>2,832,439 (166,731)</b>	<b>8%</b>	<b>67,327 (4,470)</b>	<b>27%</b>	
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\*No new cases/deaths reported in the previous week.

**Figure 1: New COVID-19 cases reported by day and AU region, 15 February 2020 - 5 January 2021**



**NEW Africa CDC Response Activities:**

**General:**

1. Last week, Dr Nkengasong hosted Africa CDC’s weekly press briefing on Thursday, 31 December 2020 at 11 am EAT to share critical updates on the COVID-19 response activities and progress made toward implementing the joint continental strategy for COVID-19 response in Africa.

**Laboratory:**

1. This week, over 26.5 million tests for COVID-19 have been conducted to date with a positivity rate of 10.7% and test per case ratio of 9.4.

**Infection Prevention and Control (IPC)**

1. Africa CDC’s Infection Prevention and Control TWG is developing interim guidelines for primary healthcare providers on the use of AirDoctor and N-95 masks that will be published by the end of the week.

### Surveillance

1. Africa CDC continues to support 17 Member States with the implementation of serosurveys. Currently, Zambia and Zimbabwe are actively implementing, while project teams for the other 15 countries are still in the planning phase. As of 28 Dec 2020, Zimbabwe's survey was 80% complete with only 1 district left to complete.

### Sciences, Standards and Regulations:

1. Access the weekly COVID-19 Scientific and Public Health Policy Update which is published every other week on Tuesdays at <https://africacdc.org/resources/> or the WHO AFRO link: [https://afrolib.afro.who.int/pmb/opac\\_css/doc\\_num.php?explnum\\_id=7728](https://afrolib.afro.who.int/pmb/opac_css/doc_num.php?explnum_id=7728)
2. Access the Partnership for Evidence-Based Response to COVID-19 (PERC) products on both the [PERC](#) and [Africa CDC website](#).

### Recommendations for the Member States:

1. All Member States should continue to enhance their surveillance<sup>6</sup> to include COVID-19<sup>7</sup> and severe acute respiratory infections (SARI)<sup>8</sup>. Examples of enhanced surveillance include:
  - a. Adding questions about travel, contact history, and testing for coronaviruses to existing influenza surveillance systems;
  - b. Notifying healthcare facilities to immediately inform local public health officials about persons who meet the case definition for COVID-19, SARI and/or have recent travel to a country with local transmission or history of contact with a case.
2. Member States should perform contact tracing of confirmed cases based on transmission type and country capacity.<sup>9</sup>
3. Member states should notify and routinely share with WHO and Africa CDC data regarding suspected or confirmed COVID-19 cases, deaths, recoveries, tests conducted and healthcare workers infected to continually inform these and other updates. Notify Africa CDC by emailing: [AfricaCDCEBS@africa-union.org](mailto:AfricaCDCEBS@africa-union.org).

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<sup>6</sup>Africa CDC Protocol for enhanced surveillance for COVID-19 in Africa: <https://africacdc.org/download/protocol-for-enhanced-severe-acute-respiratory-illness-and-influenza-like-illness-surveillance-for-covid-19-in-africa/>

<sup>7</sup>WHO COVID-19 surveillance guidance and case definition: <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/who-2019-nCoV-surveillanceguidance-2020.7>

<sup>8</sup>WHO SARI case definition: anyone with an acute respiratory infection with a history of fever (or measured fever of  $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) and cough with symptom onset within the last 10 days that requires hospitalization.

[https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\\_monitoring/ili\\_sari\\_surveillance\\_case\\_definition/en/](https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/ili_sari_surveillance_case_definition/en/)

<sup>9</sup>Africa CDC Guidance on Contact Tracing for COVID-19 Pandemic: <https://africacdc.org/download/guidance-on-contact-tracing-for-covid-19-pandemic/>

4. Member states should continue to guide the general public about seeking immediate medical care and informing healthcare providers about recent travel or contact history in anyone who develops symptoms of severe respiratory illness.
5. Member states should put in place or strengthen existing public health and social measures as cases start to rise especially through the holiday.

**Resources for more information:**

*Africa CDC Resources*

- Africa CDC COVID-19 updates: <https://africacdc.org/covid-19/>
- Multimedia: <https://africacdc.org/covid-19-multimedia/>
- Resources, policy guidelines, and infographics: <https://africacdc.org/covid-19/covid-19-resources/>

*Other Resources*

- European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control. <https://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/novel-coronavirus-china>
- US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19). <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/novel-coronavirus-2019.html>
- WHO. Technical Guidance. <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/technical-guidance>
- Partnership for Evidence-Based Response to COVID-19 (PERC) <https://preventepidemics.org/covid19/perc/>